

## Chapter 4

**Choose one correct answer:**

1. The mass (in grams) of  $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$  required for preparation of 125 mL of 0.90 M solution is:
  - (a) 16 g
  - (b) 25 g
  - (c) 13 g
  - (d) 31 g
  - (e) 43 g
2. How many mL of 17 M  $\text{NH}_3$  must be diluted to 500.0 mL to make a 0.75 M solution?
  - (a) 13 mL
  - (b) 22 mL
  - (c) 39 mL
  - (d) 73 mL
  - (e) none of these
3. Which of the following sets of directions correctly describes the preparation of 1.00 L of 0.250 M NaOH from a 12.5 M stock solution?
  - a) Dilute 0.0200 L of 12.5 M NaOH to a volume of 1.00 L.
  - b) Dilute 12.5 mL of 12.5 M NaOH to a volume of 1.00 L.
  - c) Combine 0.200 L of 12.5 M NaOH with 1.00 L of water.
  - d) Dilute 310 mL of 12.5 M NaOH to a volume of 1.00 L.
4. How many grams of  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  are contained in 1500 mL of 0.0250 M  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  solution?
  - (a) 3.17 g
  - (b) 2.78 g
  - (c) 1.85 g
  - (d) 2.34 g
  - (e) 4.25 g

5. What is the concentration of a solution prepared by diluting 25.0 mL of a stock 0.188 M  $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  solution to 150.0 mL?
- a) 1.13 M
  - b) 0.0313 M
  - c) 0.0887 M
  - d) 0.0199 M
6. How many moles of solute are required to make 250. mL of a 3.00 M aqueous NaCl solution?
- a) 0.750 moles
  - b) 3 moles
  - c) 0.250 moles
  - d) 750 moles
7. Calculate the molarity of a NaOH solution if 26.7 mL of 0.10 M HCl is required to completely neutralize 25.0 mL of the NaOH solution.
- a) 9.4 M
  - b) 0.10 M
  - c) 0.11 M
  - d) 0.093 M
8. What volume of 12.6 M HCl must be added to enough water to prepare 5.00 liters of 3.00 M HCl?
- (a) 1.19 L
  - (b) 21.0 L
  - (c) 0.840 L
  - (d) 7.56 L
  - (e) 2.14 L